

gentleman, can very much doubt that Henry Clay will be the next president of the Union. But this cannot be done without a great effort. Sustained and apathetic must give place to energy, zeal and indomitable perseverance. Hercules swelled to his full strength must put his shoulder to the wheel. The most complete organization, the most thorough canvass by public speaking, and the most extensive dissemination of political intelligence are requisite for a final triumph. Let then every whit come forward, and in proportion to the measure of his ability address himself to the work.

In relation to the support of the Galaxy & People's Press, as far as they deem its organization useful in the whig cause and no further, let the whigs lend their aid to place it in the hands of every good citizen in the country. Now is indeed a very important time to engrave the true scion in the body of public sentiment. The season of the year is favorable to a leisure examination, which must result in a full conviction that the salvation of the country and the cause of impartial freedom can be secured only by the success of the whig party. But how is this desirable object to be accomplished? Can you obtain that intimate communication with the people of Vermont which is necessary to exert political action, by means of foreign papers which are unacquainted with their prejudices, their shades of sentiment, their candidates and their motives of action and modes of reasoning? And who will carry your Tribunes and Expresses to their doors, and spread them out on the tables of the cottages and log cabins along our valleys and in our mountains as might be done, and is done to a considerable extent by country editors? Who then will make a good and efficient country paper, such as we aim to make the Galaxy, for foreign publication? We hope the gentry who have done so by us will renew their error by again enrolling themselves on our list, and influence others to do the same upon our best endeavor to establish a paper in all respects worthy of continued support. To sustain our cause in present comparatively enlarged dimensions, and at all events to secure the wants and wishes of the county, and the political advantages it might be possessed of securing an increased patronage and a wider circulation.—so we have it.

RAIL ROAD.

The meeting in Montpelier was held on Saturday, Nov. 1st, and Mr. Paine presiding. President Hopper of Dartmouth College, delivered a speech with a very able address. Documents and surveys were exhibited to the meeting showing the practicability of the project, and the number of passengers and amount of freight which would probably move over the route. An engineer who has recently passed over the two routes connecting the extension of the Concord Rail road through Lebanon, to W. Union and New Haven via Willimantic, and through Roxbury and Dog river, is of opinion that the maximum grade will not exceed 50 feet per mile. By running through from Connecticut river, the route proves highly favorable. The engineer reports the maximum at only 30 feet per mile.

The products of Vermont which will bear comparison by rail road to Boston as compared in the census of 1840 amounts to \$9 million, and the number of passengers by stage, through Montpelier village the 10,000. The Watchmen says, the wages of the central route must and will be shown, and that if so, the road will be built.

Massachusetts.—The state government has long been organized by the election by legislators of George N. Briggs Governor, and John Reed Lieut. Gov. Josiah Quincy Jr. President of the Senate, and Thomas Bennett Speaker of the House, all whigs.

The Harmonious Democracy.—Recently the leaders in and about this region have been exhorting quite felicitously about the strong prospects of returning harmony to the distracted ranks. Calhoun has been a man of the field by the trickery of the Union. Col. Dick has used himself up in his tour through the union by the weak and folly which were exhibited in every of his movements, and is said now to aspire to the Vice Presidency under Van Buren. Buchanan has thrown up his post and nobody is left in the Union who is not naturally strong, is ill-calculated to succeed against the intrigues of his foxy competitor. But can any man in reason imagine that the numerous followers of so many leaders, to say the least as highly entitled to admiration as Martin Van Buren, can at once cordially fall into the ranks of the sage of Lindenwald who possess no popular favor unfeigned by the heart of the hermitage. The chivalry of South Carolina are far from esteeming under his banner if they are not this moment preparing a war against him. Indeed every member of the locofoco family not originally enlisted in his ranks discards his alliance; and contention among the democracy is every where seen receding from behind all the dispositions with which its harmony is attempted to be palmed upon the world. The following from the Albany Journal doubtless very truly exhibits the state of affairs in Peninsularia, in this respect.

The Harmonious Democracy.—Since the withdrawal of Mr. Buchanan as a candidate for the Presidency, several papers in the inter-

ior of the State of Pennsylvania have taken down his name and run up the flag of their favorite candidates. The Daily Pittsburgh Aurora has raised the name of Martin Van Buren. The Lycoming Gazette and the Union Times that of Col. R. M. Johnson, the Democratic Standard at Pittsburgh, and the Star of the North at Berwick; that of General Lewis Cass, the Sunbury American, Sunbury Gazette, Carlisle Volunteer, and Hollingsburgh Beacon Light have expressed themselves favorable to the nomination of Gen. Lewis Cass. A meeting has been held in Lewisburg in favor of Col. Richard M. Johnson, also one at Harrisburg and another in Lycoming county favorable to Gen. Lewis Cass.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

Believing as we do in the great and decided improvements in agriculture and the mechanic arts which may be derived from the establishment of Agricultural societies in our state, we are gratified with the alacrity with which our farmers have met our urgent call for names to authorize a meeting for organizing a society in this county, under the act of the last legislature. Multitudes of names and of those who have expressed the most lively satisfaction and eager desire of cooperation in this enterprise which could not be conveniently inserted in our columns are now upon our table, indicating that the contemplated meeting will probably be well attended.

The Experience of other states and officers has sufficiently demonstrated the immense advantages to the county and then to the advancement of the science of agriculture from meetings of the cultivators of the soil, each thus communicating to the other the most valuable of all knowledge, that derived from practical operations, and evidencing the results by the exhibition of products, and specimens of animals vastly improved by new modes of tillage, and the application of new methods of breeding and management. There is no doubt there is a vast amount of practical knowledge on the subject of rural economy reposed in the minds of individuals which if properly diffused among the great body of our husbandmen, would greatly add to the products of agriculture and the profits of cultivation.

The general diffusion of knowledge and all new discoveries either in husbandry or the mechanic arts connected with it for the general benefit, is the primary object of agricultural societies, in which respect they are scarcely more useful, than in creating a salutary emulation which leads forward to still further discoveries, and still greater facilities in rural economy.

We cannot but hope therefore, that the organization of an agricultural society in Addison County will attract the attention of the great body of our farmers mechanics and manufacturers. The sum of 160 Dollars furnished by the manufacture of the legislature can be easily expended by a small initiatory fee to five hundred. This distributed in premiums, would soon be felt in the improvement of our farms, our dairies, the value of produce, and the more favorable developments of the animal creation. Will not our intelligent farmers be prompt to seize the advantages thus for the first time placed within their reach to render their noble occupations still more honorable, their labor and capital more productive and profitable, and the prosperity and comfort of all the industrial classes of community more certain and sure. We shall see next Monday.

LAW ROAD.—The meeting in Montpelier was held on Saturday, Nov. 1st, and Mr. Paine presiding. President Hopper of Dartmouth College, delivered a speech with a very able address. Documents and surveys were exhibited to the meeting showing the practicability of the project, and the number of passengers and amount of freight which would probably move over the route. An engineer who has recently passed over the two routes connecting the extension of the Concord Rail road through Lebanon, to W. Union and New Haven via Willimantic, and through Roxbury and Dog river, is of opinion that the maximum grade will not exceed 50 feet per mile. By running through from Connecticut river, the route proves highly favorable. The engineer reports the maximum at only 30 feet per mile.

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The Taxee.—By reference to an congressional record, it will be seen that two more violent attacks in the House have been made on the Taxee, but without success. So salutary has it been upon the interests of the country—such a spur has

been given to agricultural and manufacturing enterprise. (Let our farmers note) favorable is it on the article of WOOL, which next year will doubtless range in price from thirty two to forty cents, that the more cautious of its foes in the Legislature dare not vote it down. And yet Martin Van Buren has condemned it root and branch. The Globe organ of Martin Van Buren is full of the interest operations against it, & its spirit & example are followed by nearly every paper in the Union. How much confidence can the friends of protection repose in men whose only merit is that they dare not openly oppose what they secretly hate. Give us the old friends of the tariff, who created it, and who will nurture and protect their own offspring as long as it promises such immense and increasing benefits to every man woman and child in the nation.

A general attendance is requested.

S. PEARL LATHROP, Sec.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The inhabitants of the county of Addison friendly to the agricultural, mechanical and manufacturing interests, are requested to meet at the Town Room in Middlebury, on Monday the 23d instant, at 10 o'clock A. M. for the purpose of organizing an Agricultural Society for the county of Addison under the provisions of an act passed at the last session of the legislature of the State.

MARRIED,

In Addison on the 31st ult. Mr. Carlos S. Seager to Miss Cornelia S. Guley both of Addison.

In Cornwall on the 3d ult. by Orion Field Esq. Mr. Abbot Digget of Stockton N. Y. to Miss Electa Sherwood of the former place.

DIED,

At Bristol August 31, 1843, John Flavel, aged 25 years. Also at Bristol October 5th, 1843, Erwin—aged 22 years, both sons of Major John Bush. They were both young men so far as their acquaintance extended, universally respected and beloved—and though their loss is irreparable to their afflicted parents yet it was a consolation to witness in the hours of their dissolution the triumphs of that faith which loves by love and purifies the heart, and fits all its possessors for the great and last change.

Printers in Greenfield, Mass. and Chicago, Ill. are requested &c.

The Murder of Mr. Sprague.—The chain of circumstantial evidence which connects the two Gordons with the murder of Mr. Sprague grows stronger, and it is now the settled opinion that they are the guilty parties. Yesterday, William Gordon, brother of the other two, and Michael O'Brien were arrested and committed. O'Brien was seen in company with the Gordons, on Sunday, and was known to have had a difficulty with Mr. Sprague. Robert Gordon, another brother, was arrested, but discharged, it not appearing that he had been to Cranston, or had any communication with his brother. The mother of the Gordons has also been arrested.

The swamp near the spot of the murder, and in which tracks were found leading from that spot, has been thoroughly explored. A coat marked with blood was found in it, and a gun, much battered and broken in two—the gun has been identified as belonging to Gordon; the piece of the stock, found near the spot of the murder, was evidently broken from it, and fits into it. The coat has not been identified, but it has a hole in the elbow, and a shirt found in Gordon's house has a bloody stain on the sleeve corresponding with the hole in the coat.

The house of Nicholas Gordon has been searched, and under a bed were found two pairs of pantaloons and one or two vests, thoroughly wet, and with the appearance of having been in that condition for a considerable time. A pair of boots was also found wet and appearing to have been rubbed. In the pockets of the vest were bullets, percussion caps, and gunpowder, the latter corresponding with the kind in the pistol found near the scene of murder. On the vest were spots of blood, and one of the sheets on the bed was also marked with blood.

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The woman contradicted in some respects the testimony of William Gordon. She said that the wet clothes, under the bed, were washed a month ago. She said the dog was in the shop all day Sunday, but she did not have the key of the shop. This was kept by Nicholas Gordon.—*Prov. Jour.*

For the Galaxy.

TRUTH FROM A NEW SOURCE.

Whether Miller's prediction has had the effect to cause some people very unexpectedly, to commence truth telling remains yet to be explained; but that facts have been found in some journals of late, for almost the first time, is beyond a reasonable doubt.

These journals in favor of the nomination of Col. Johnson for the President of the year 1844 assessed a tax of four cents per Acre on all Lands (Public Lands, excepted) in the Town of Goshen, in the County of Addison, in said State, for the purpose of making and repairing roads, and building Bridges, and an act in amendment thereof, was passed November 1842. These are to warn the proprietors and Land Owners of the Town of Goshen, who have not paid their proportion of such tax in Lister or otherwise, to the Committee appointed to superintend the expenditure of the same, or to the subscriber, that so much of their Lands will be sold at Public Vendue, at the Dwelling house of Wm. Carlie Jr. in the Town of Goshen, in the County of Addison on the 12th day of March, A. D. 1844, at ten o'clock forenoon as will be requisite to discharge their respective taxes with Co.

W. M. CARTER, Jr. Collector.

Dated at Goshen this 6th day of Jan'y A. D.

1844.

NOTICE.

The subscribers having formed a copartnership as attorneys at law, will attend to any business intrusted to them at the office lately occupied by Barber and Wright.

EDWARD D. BARBER,

EDW. J. PHELPS.

Middlebury, Jan. 1, 1844.

DISSOLUTION.

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E. R. WRIGHT.

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Middlebury, Jan. 1, 1843.

NOTICE.

The Subscribers having opened an Office for the transaction of Law business, will inform the public that he will be ready to wait upon all who may have occasion for his professional services at his Office over the Store of Ira Stewart, Esq. a few doors south of the Post Office.

EMERSON R. WRIGHT.

Middlebury, Jan. 8, 1844.

LAW NOTICE.

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EMERSON R. WRIGHT.

Middlebury, Jan. 8, 1844.

TAKEN NOTICE.

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